THE FLOWER

The North Carolinian.

VOL III FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1864. NO. 160

THE

NORTH CAROLINIAN

BY

P. J. SINCLAIR.

THE DAILY NORTH CAROLINIAN is served to subscribers in town at ONE DOLLAR per week in advance, payable to the Carriers weekly.

Single copies TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

PRICE FOR MAILING.

Single copies 25 cents. Six months FIFTEEN DOLLARS. Three months, EIGHT DOLLARS.

One month THREE DOLLARS.

The "INTELLIGENCER," a weekly four paged newspaper, published at this Office, is mailed to subscribers at FIVE DOLLARS for six months. [illegible] THREE DOLLARS—Strictly in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements for the CAROLINIAN will be charged THREE DOLLARS for each and every insertion.

Advertisements for the INTELLIGENCER will be inserted once in Daily, and charged Daily rates for that insertion.

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid for strictly in advance.

The Value of Money.

Value of Gold Issue		Value of New Issue		Value of Old Issue
1 00	66⅔	1 00		1 50
2 00	1 33⅓	2 00		3 00
3 00	2 00	3 00		4 50
4 00	2 66⅔	4 00		6 00
5 00	3 33⅓	5 00		7 50
10 00	6 66⅔	10 00		15 00
15 00	10 00	15 00		22 00
20 00	13 33⅓	20 00		30 00
25 00	16 66⅔	25 00		37 50
30 00	20 00	30 00		45 00
35 00	23 33⅓	35 00		52 50
40 00	26 66⅔	40 00		60 00
45 00	30 00	45 00		67 50
50 00	33 33⅓	50 00		75 00
55 00	36 66⅔	55 00		82 50
60 00	40 00	60 00		90 00
65 00	43 33⅓	65 00		97 50
70 00	46 66⅔	70 00		105 00
75 00	50 00	75 00		112 50
80 00	53 33⅓	80 00		120 00
85 00	56 66⅔	85 00		127 50
90 00	60 00	90 00		135 00
95 00	63 33⅓	95 00		142 50
100 00	66 66⅔	100 00		150 00

SYNOPSIS OF FUNDING SCHEME OF CURRENCY BILL AS TO STATES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI.—*Non-Interest Bearing* $100 *Notes.* Receivable for public dues before April 1st, 1864, at par; from and after April 1st, 1864, not receivable at all, but

FUNDABLE IN FOUR PER CENT. BONDS.

Before 1st April, 1864, at par.
From 1st to last day of April, inc., at 66⅔
From 1st to last day of May, inc., at 56⅔
From 1st to last day of June, inc., at 46⅔
From 1st to last day of July, inc., at 36⅔
From 1st to last day of Aug., inc., at 26⅔
From 1st to last day of Sept., inc., at 16⅔
Swept away by monthly tax, Oct. inc., at 6⅔

Any non-interest bearing $100 notes held on the first of January, 1865, are taxed 100 per cent., thus destroying every vestige of value.

THE

REPORTER'S DICTIONARY,

BASED ON PHONOGRAPHY.

IN PRESS and shortly to be published, a book with the above title, prepared by the subscriber, who has had nearly 20 years practice in Phonographic writing, having been at one time employed as an official reporter in the United States Senate, and, who has been for the last seventeen months, and is now, reporter of the Atlanta Intelligencer.

The Dictionary will contain indications, by means of a simple nomenclature, for writing with Phonographic letters, about 20,000 words of the English language, of ninety-nine one-hundredths of those in common use—the remaining words being easily written after these are learned.

In the Introduction to the Dictionary, simple instruction will be given for beginners of the study of Phonography, with lithographed illustrations, prepared by one of the best artists in the Confederacy. The object of the publication is to make a STANDARD for Confederate Reporters, and to render it possible for the much coveted and beautiful art of Reporting, to be learned even without the aid of a teacher.

As the work will be expensive, new type having been procured expressly for it, only a small edition will be issued. Those who desire copies are requested to send to the author their orders at once, (to be recorded,) accompanied with the price of the same, which will be five dollars per copy. The book in paper cover, and suitable for use, will be sent to all subscribers, by mail, without additional expense.

A. E. MARSHALL,
dtf Augusta, Ga.

NEW NOVEL.

"MISTRESS AND MAID"—a household Story, by the Author of "JOHN HALIFAX GENTLEMAN."

"THE Ogilvies," "HEAD OF THE FAMILY," "NOTHING NEW," "AGATHA'S HUSBAND," &c., &c., &c. Just received and For Sale at the Store under the

June20-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

"MACARIA" has come. The Music has arrived at

138-tf No. 17, Market Square.

WANTED.

A GOOD Cavalry Horse, for which I will pay the highest price in money, or barter in Corn, bacon, &c., &c. Apply at this Office.

136-tf

FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS.

CORRECTED BY J. W. LETT.

AUG. 9, 1864.

Bacon	— @ 4 00 ℔ lb
Pork	2 25 @ 2 50 ℔ lb
Lard	— @ 4 00 ℔ lb
Beef	2 00 @ — ℔ lb
Beeswax	2 75 @ — ℔ lb
Butter	5 00 @ — ℔ lb
Cotton	1 50 @ 1 75 ℔ lb
Coffee	15 00 ℔ lb
Cotton Yarn	$15 @ 40 ℔ bunch.
Dried Fruits—Apples & Peaches	$1 50 ℔ lb
Eggs	1 50 @ 1 75 ℔ do @
Extract Logwood	35 @ 50 ℔ lb
Flour	$145 @ 160 ℔ barrel
Flaxseed	12 00 @ 13 00 ℔ bushel
Feeder	$10 00 @ 10 50 ℔ hundred
Hay	10 00 ℔ hundred.
Shucks	$11 00 ℔ hundred
Grain—Corn	$ 00 @ 00 00 ℔ bushel
Wheat	$50 00 ℔ bushel
Rye	15 00 @ $20 00 ℔ bushel
Oats	$10 00 ℔ bushel
Peas	17 00 @ 20 00 ℔ bushel
Hides—Green	2 50 @ 3 00 ℔ lb
Dry	5 00 @ 6 00 ℔ lb.
Iron—Swedes	3 50 @ 4 50 ℔ lb
Leather—Upper	18 00 ℔ lb
Sole	15 00 ℔ lb
Liquors—Corn Whiskey	50 00 ℔ gallon
Apple and Peach Brandy	60 00 ℔ gallon
Molasses	$20 ℔ gallon
Nails	3 50 @ 4 00 ℔ lb
Onions	20 00 ℔ bushel
Potatoes—Irish	$8 @ 10 00 ℔ bushel
Sweet	$10 @ 15 00 ℔ bushel
Rice	$1 00 ℔ lb
Sugar	10 ℔ lb
Soap	Family Bar 2 00 ℔ lb
Toilet	$5 00 ℔ lb
Spirits Turpentine	3 00 ℔ gal.
Fayetteville 4-4 Sheetings	2 50 @ 3 00 ℔ Yard
Salt	$25 00 @ 30 00 ℔ bushel
Tallow	2 50 @ 3 00 ℔ lb
Wool	$6 00 @ 8 00 ℔ lb

THE MERCURY!

THE MERCURY!

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED,
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
ELEGANTLY PRINTED
ELEGANTLY PRINTED

EVERY SATURDAY,
EVERY SATURDAY,
EVERY SATURDAY,
THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
THE GREAT LITERARY WEEKLY
OF THE SOUTH!
OF THE SOUTH!

BRILLIANT AND CHARMING,
WITH ROMANCES, SKETCHES,
TALES OF REAL LIFE, NOVELETIES;
INCIDENTS AND ANECDOTES OF THE WAR!
ESSAYS, CRITICISE,
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Making a complete Casket of
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IT IS A HOME JOURNAL
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FOR THE CAMPS
IT IS A TRAVELLER'S COMPANION
FOR THE CARS!
IT IS PLEASANT READING
FOR EVERYBODY!

All of the most Prominent and Talented Authors in the South, as well as the young favorites, are writing for

THE MERCURY.

☞ Subscribers can be supplied with back numbers, containing the following

BEAUTIFUL & THRILLING STORIES:

"THE TRUMP THAT TRIUMPHED;" a Tale of Love,
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"THE REFUGEE'S NIECE," founded on incidents of the War in North Carolina.
"THE DESERTER'S DAUGHTER;" an exciting Tale of Real Life.
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ILLUSTRATIONS:

"NON INTERVENTION;"
"THE REFUGEE'S HOME;"
"THE CASTLE OF SPAGNETO,"
"THE DESERTER'S DEN IN DOVER SWAMP.

All these articles, together with an endless variety of
LITERARY MISCELLANY,
are contained in the first three numbers of Vol. IV, 1864, (commencing April 30,) of this really

SUPERB FAMILY JOURNAL,

SUBSCRIPTION—Six months.....$10
The Trade supplied at $25 per hundred.
Address,
WM. B. SMITH,
Editor and Proprietor, Raleigh, N. C.
June1-d3m

WRITING PAPER.

JUST received and for sale, a superior article of

Note and Letter Paper,

unusually cheap, at the store under the
June 20-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

CLAIMS

Of Deceased Officers and Soldiers.

Wilmington, N. C., June 20th, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED has been appointed a Commissioner to investigate, collect and pay over to the parties entitled thereto, all claims for bounty, arrearages of pay and allowance, due to the [illegible] deceased officers and soldiers from this State.

The parties entitled are: first, the widow of the deceased, if there be no widow then, secondly, the children, if there be none, if there be neither widow or children then, thirdly, the father, if there be neither widow, child, children or father then, fourthly, the mother of the deceased, and in default of all of these then, the [illegible] or the executor of the deceased.

The [illegible] and that of one disinterested witness as to the relationship, and in all cases, where the claimant is not the widow, the affidavit must negative the existence of a claimant or claimants of a higher order. The Justice of the Peace, before whom the affidavit is subscribed must certify to the credibility of the witness, and Clerk of the County Court must certify, under the seal of the Court, that he is a Justice of the Peace.

If the claimant or claimants be a child or children of the deceased, and he, she or they be minors, the child must be propounded by his, her or their guardian, and the fact of his being guardian must be certified to, under seal of the County Court Clerk.

When the claim is made by an executor or administrator, the fact of the executorship or administratorship must be certified to, under seal by the County Court Clerk.

All of these papers should be sent in duplicate.

Any person directly interested will be furnished, upon application to me, with a proper form of these papers in full; a copy of which, for the greater convenience of parties, will be forwarded as soon as may be practicable to each County Court Clerk.

This commission is intended to facilitate the collection of these claims, and save the claimants all expense.

Parties interested may materially aid me in the investigation of their claims, if at the time of forwarding their papers to me, they will inform me of the date of the death of the deceased, where he died, unfulfilled, whether or not they or any one for them, have received the personal effects which deceased had with him at the time of his death, and whether or not the deceased (if a non-commissioned officer or private,) had ever received the State's bounty.

It is very desirable that all claims should be forwarded at as early a day as may be practicable. In all cases, give the claimants' Post Office and County in full.

JNO. A. STANLY,
Commissioner.
123-tf

TO THE FRIENDS OF THE SOLDIERS Throughout the Confederacy

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL DEPARTMENT,
RAILROAD BUREAU.
RICHMOND, Feb. 20th, 1864.

THE friends and relatives of soldiers in the Army of Northern Virginia are hereby notified that an arrangement has this day been effected with the SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY, to carry all packages of food and wearing apparel to Richmond, Va.

To secure the advantages thus obtained through the express company, the following instructions must be observed:

Packages must not contain more than one hundred pounds; be well secured, and plainly marked, and sent at the expense of the shipper to either of the Soldiers' Relief Associations, which are located as follows:

In North Carolina, at Raleigh; in South Carolina, at Columbia; in Georgia, at Augusta; in Alabama, at Montgomery; or at any other point at which one of these Associations have an office.

The Agents of these Associations will there take charge of them, and ship daily, by Southern Express Company, to the proper Agents of the respective States at Richmond, who will see them distributed to the proper individual owners.

To meet the wishes of the soldiers, and to give them a certain and speedy communication with home the Southern Express Company has agreed to give this freight preference over everything else; and in order that no obstacle may occur to the success of so laudable an enterprise, the several Railroad Companies are hereby requested to render the Express Company such facilities as will enable it to make this arrangement a complete success.

As the Southern Express Company assumes all responsibility of the transportation of those packages, the Relief Associations are requested to withdraw their Agents who have heretofore acted as traveling messengers. If the Relief Association will establish agencies in the rear of these armies, they may enjoy the same privileges hereby secured to the Army of Northern Virginia.

F. W. SIMS,
Lieut. Col. and Quartermaster.

Approved.
W. R. Lawton, Quartermaster Gen.

OFFICE SOUTHERN EXPRESS CO.,
AUGUSTA, GA., Feb 20, 1864.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY hereby notify the friends and relatives of Soldiers in the Army of Northern Va., and elsewhere, that they are prepared to carry out arrangements as announced in the above card and that they will do all in her power to fulfil its requirements.

JAMES SHUTER,
Gen'l Sup't. & Acting Pres't So. Exp. Co
may20-tf.

THE MERCURY with back numbers, containing those charming tales which young ladies wish to read, have arrived at
June 12 17, Market Square.

DR. J. H. FREEMAN HAS RETURNED to his Office and has on hand a good lot of GOLD FOIL AND TEETH. Also, GOLD and SILVER PLATE.
132 1m

TELEGRAPHIC

Reported by the Press Association, 1864.

Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1864, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's office of the District Court of the Confederate States, for the Northern District of Georgia.

From Mobile.

FORT POWEL EVACUATED AND BLOWN UP!

[illegible] SURRENDER OF FORT GAINES!

MOBILE Aug. 7.—Friday night Lieut. Col. Williams commanding Fort Powell, evacuated and blew up the Fort. The enemy, yesterday and to day were shelling Fort Gaines. The people of Mobile are ready for the fray, and great confidence prevails. The people are satisfied with the conduct of Buchanan, Murphy and Bennett, of the Navy.

MOBILE, Aug. 8th.—It is with painful humiliation that we have to announce the shameful surrender of Fort Gains at half past 9 o'clock, this morning by Col. Chas. Anderson of the 21st Alabama.

This powerful work was provisioned for six months and had a garrison of 600 men. He communicated with the enemy's fleet by flag of truce and without the sanction of Gen. Page, who enquired by signal what his purpose was but recieved no answer. His attention was attracted by the signal guns. Page repeatedly telegraphed, "hold on to your Fort." On the same night Page visited Fort Gaines, found Anderson on board the Yankee fleet arranging terms of capitulation, and left preemptory orders for Anderson on his return, not to surrender and relieving him of his command. Although Fort Morgan signaled this morning, they received no answer except the hoisting of the Yankee flag over the ramparts. Anderson's conduct is officially pronounced inexplicable and shameful.

THE FLEET OFF MOBILE.—A correspondent of the Baltimore American, attached to Farragut's fleet, speaking of a possible engagement, states that "it will no doubt be a welcome sight to many, as the Tennessee, (rebel ram,) Admiral Buchanan's flag-ship, has, as if to tantalize the whole fleet, been anchored in full sight outside the fort, (Morgan) but protected by the obstructions." The fleet now consists of the

Hartford [flag ship]	20 guns
Richmond	18 guns
Brooklyn	24 guns
Monongahela	12 guns
Lackawanna	14 guns
Oneida	10 guns
Metacomb	10 guns
Genessee	8 guns
Sebago	10 guns
Port Royal	8 guns
Kenebec	5 guns
Pinola	4 guns
Lusco	4 guns
Plembina	6 guns
Penguin	7 guns
Tennessee	5 guns
Conemagh	9 guns
Ossipee	13 guns
Galena	14 guns

Cowslip, Philippi, Glassan, Jasmine, Buckhorn—tugs.

STONEMAN.—Stoneman has gone up at last, and is now ruminating over the uncertainties and the dangers of raids in the prison house at Andersonville. He will be remembered as the leader of the famous "Stoneman raid" around Richmond, which accomplished so little with such magnificent preperations for the destruction of our railroads and canal. His days of raiding are over for a while at least, and he will have full time to repent of his sins, while enjoying Confederate hospitalities. The Yankees should quit raiding. They don't pay well for the investment, and are only a temporary inconvenience in one respect, while they are an absolute blessing in intensifying the hatred of the people for the foe who are making war upon us.

The Rhode Island miscegenation partisans are urging the abolition of schools exclusively for colored children, and requiring the admission of negroes into all the schools of the State. The question is before the Legislature.

Official Vote for Governor of North Carolina, 1864.

Counties.	Vanc.	Johnston.	Vanc.	Hold's
Alamance,	270	178	736	230
Alexander,	749	116	.....	.....
Anson,	646	108	.....	.....
Alleghany,	227	12	.....	.....
Ashe,	648	56	.....	.....
Beaufort,	554	102	.....	.....
Bertie,	525	105	.....	.....
Bladen,	632	344	472	28
Brunswick,	316	204	460	10
Burke,	988	239	474	104
Buncombe,	1328	274	827	223
Cabarrus,	657	564	646	38
Caldwell,	523	40	.....	.....
Camden,	127	18	.....	.....
Carteret,	.....	.....	.....	.....
Caswell,	567	272	903	81
Catawba,	805	455	970	41
Chatham,	1618	127	1202	640
Cumberland,	1010	364	1464	209
Cherokee,	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chowan,	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clay,	379	38	.....	.....
Cleaveland,	522	676	.....	.....
Columbus,	256	499	.....	.....
Craven,	17	113	.....	.....
Currituck,	51	14	.....	.....
Davie,	736	139	627	193
Duplin,	100	961	937	65
Davidson,	1368	162	854	487
Edgecombe,	113	596	962	8
Franklin,	20	378	.....	.....
Forsyth,	1971	244	672	580
Gaston,	379	427	448	103
Gates,	.....	.....	.....	.....
Guilford,	1977	74	1144	545
Granville,	942	942	1889	186
Green,	330	144	.....	.....
Halifax,	461	538	1041	8
Harnett,	414	264	935	172
Haywood,	.....	.....	.....	.....
Henderson,	1208	69	.....	.....
Hertford,	190	61	486	3
Hyde,	288	15	.....	.....
Iredell,	1644	161	1065	92
Jackson,	604	117	.....	.....
Johnston,	1000	104	499	619
Jones,	63	75	168	2
Lenoir,	987	140	.....	.....
Lincoln,	605	367	450	448
Macon,	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madison,	629	165	.....	.....
Martin,	262	230	.....	.....
McDowell,	773	104	.....	.....
Mecklenburg,	425	1335	1690	112
Mitchell,	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montgomery,	727	18	585	242
Moore,	1060	120	.....	.....
Nash,	317	282	.....	.....
New Hanover,	287	1237	982	22
Northampton,	386	299	734	15
Orange,	1451	373	1252	174
Onslow,	342	293	.....	.....
Pasquotank,	163	30	.....	.....
Perquimons,	85	13	.....	.....
Person,	559	191	.....	.....
Pitt,	649	229	784	48
Polk,	.....	.....	.....	.....
Randolph,	1357	65	620	863
Rowan,	1345	407	1301	65
Richmond,	634	97	.....	.....
Robeson,	931	320	960	119
Rockingham,	599	273	791	115
Rutherford,	1147	257	.....	.....
Sampson,	464	704	.....	.....
Stanly,	743	10	397	178
Stokes,	653	82	448	351
Surry,	458	204	.....	.....
Transylvania,	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tyrrell	.....	.....	.....	.....
Union,	556	417	.....	.....
Wake,	2209	489	1497	1271
Wayne,	706	466	850	134
Warren,	174	464	765	3
Washington,	.....	.....	338	09
Watauga,	423	69	.....	.....
Wilkes,	1615	76	95	379
Wilson,	188	466	395	24
Yadkin,	1172	58	.....	.....
Yancy,	714	714	.....	.....
	52863	20173		
	20174			
Majority,	32659			

The Herald, of the 1st, publishes the following in its Washington dispatches:

A very strong effort is making by Republican politicians to induce the Administration to give General McClellan the command of the defences of Washington, as urged by the Herald. They say that his appointment is demanded by expediency; that if he can rally an army of a hundred thousand or a hundred and fifty thousand men for the defence of Washington, and to operate on Lee's flank, the advantage done to the cause will compensate for the sacrifice of personal feeling towards him, while, if, as they believe, he should fail to secure any considerable support from the people, it will dispose at once and forever of his claims as a leader, either military or political. Hon. Henry J. Raymond arrived here this morning, it is understood for the purpose of urging this matter upon the President.

Amid the gloomy reports of raiders in all quarters of our State, the cheering intelligence reaches us of an unprecedented prospect for a corn crop. Old fields that have been cultivated for twenty years, are yielding luxuriantly, and if undisturbed for a month more, will return to the garners of the people an abundant supply for another year.

Mrs. Mary E. Sawyer, of Baltimore, for corresponding with the Confederates, has been sentenced to be confined in the female prison at Fitchburg, Massachusetts, during the war, and "to be employed in labor for the benefit of Union soldiers."

THE CAROLINIAN.

P. J. SINCLAIR, EDITOR.

Office, No. 17 Market Square.

☞ All Marriages, Obituary, Funeral and Estate Notices, Company and Military Orders for Meetings, Drills, &c., Lodge and Society Notices and Summonses, Wants, Losses and Findings, Exhibition and Concert Notices, all country, transient and foreign advertising, o whatsoever nature or character, must be paid for when left at or sent to the office for publication. This arrangement will be strictly enforced. Such cash advertisements, as they appear, will always be marked by an asterisk or star thus (*).

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., AUGUST 9, 1864.

☞ Our Subscribers in town will confer a *special favor*, when they fail to get their papers, by informing us immediately of the fact. Of course we cannot know when it occurs unless this be done.

The office of the *Daily North Carolinian* and *Weekly Intelligencer*, will hereafter be at No. 17 MARKET SQUARE, next door to James N. Smith's Drug Store.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE FOLLOWING.—The publishers of this paper desire that their terms be fully understood. *All* subscriptions must be *paid in advance*. Payment must be made at this office, or, if to a collector, ten per cent. additional will be charged. Our Collector will call weekly on delinquents and make collections, when, in *every instance*, the above rule will be adhered to *Collections made every Monday*.

The election for members to the Legislature having passed, and as it is to be presumed that all bad feelings have subsided, we beg leave to remind our readers those of them who interested themselves in the issue, that much was said in abuse of certain candidates in the field, that was a disgrace. Who could with any degree of fairness, ever charge Wm. B. Wright with being a Holdenite? Yet, we are informed that letters were sent to the army making this foul charge, and it was believed, and, because of this, his vote in the army was not what it should have been. The same charge was made against Dr. McCormick and Neill McKay, and the parties who made it *must have known that it was false*. There is no honor in such a course of dealing. It is infamous beyond measure.

These three gentlemen were not only not Holden men, but on the contrary were pre-eminently Vance men, enjoying in the past Assembly the confidence of his Excellency. His ideas and measures were confided to them, and they supported them earnestly and zealously. How then could they be charged with the stain of Holdenism.

The election is over and we trust, should we be so unfortunate as to have another, that no such disrespectable electioneering shall take place.

It will be seen in our telegraphic columns that Fort Gaines, near Mobile, has been shamefully, and from appearance, traitorously surrendered to the enemy.—Why are such incompetent or white livered, worthless fellows as this man Anderson, permitted to command such important posts? We fear that Mobile is in imminent peril of destruction. We trust it may never be surrendered—the day has gone for surrendering; let it be destroyed if it must be abandoned.

PROMOTED.—Brigadier General William Mahone has been promoted to a Major Generalcy in the Army of Northern Virginia, his commission to date from the 30th of July, 1864. Gen. Mahone has been acting Major General since the Wilderness fight, and all in the army, from the Commander-in-Chief down to the lowest grade, have borne testimony to his great efficiency.

A New Orleans correspondent of the Herald says:

It is asserted by the Southern sympathizers in New Orleans that Maximilian has already sent privately a commissioner to the rebel authorities at Richmond.

The most jubilant individuals in the world are the secessionists of this city, who boast that the Confederacy will be recognized by France and England within three months.

RAILROADS.—The damage done to the Macon and Atlanta Railroad have all been repaired. Trains now run regularly to Columbus, via Opelika, and it is understotod that the road between Opelika and Chehaw will be in running order in a few days. Railroad communication will be resumed between Macon and Augusta to-day. The connection will then uninterrupted except at Oconee bridge, which has not as yet been repaired.—*Guardian, 6th inst.*

ELIGIBLE.—Among the clap-traps of the last campaign, was the constant invocation of civil liberty and constitutional law by political demagogues, while there very men were demonstrating their total disregard of constitutional law and their perverted notions of civil liberty. This is especially applicable to those cases where men holding office have run to the day of election without resigning. They are in eligible, and no resignation after the election is sufficient.

For example: The Constitution expressly declares, that no man who holds an office of trust or profit, under the State Government or in the army, is eligible to a seat in the Assembly. It is plain that such men ought to resign, and it must appear that they have resigned, to the proper authority, in time to have their resignation accepted before the day of election. In all cases where the resignation has not been made public, the Legislature will owe it to itself to compel the proof; for it is right that such trifling with popular elections should be exposed. Among those who we see are elected, are Mr. Dick, Councillor of State, Major Grissom, of the Medical Bureau, Major Arendell, ditto, Major W. A. Smith, of the Home Guards, Mr. Snead, Clerk of the County Court of Johnston, and all similar cases. We do not know whether they resigned or not: and with regard to Messrs. Grissom and Arendell, perhaps they may be considered militia officers. But the public have a right to know, and we mean to allude to all cases, for it is a high obligation on the Legislature to maintain the *constitutional law*, by purging its bodiss of *ineligible* members.—Though there was a Legislature once that met in Raleigh and its House of Commons ousted one member who was Clerk and Master in Equity, and at the same session retained others, some who were post masters, some clerks and masters, and their Speaker, who was a Solicitor, its idea of purging being to take a very mild aperient. It is high time that there be less profession of regard for liberty and law, and the better securing of the former by a more strict observance of the latter. *Raliegh Confederate.*

We publish the above just to show how things will work both ways *some times*. The Confederate argues the case very ably indeed. Messrs. Grissom, Dick, &c., &c. ought not to take their seats in he Legislature, because they hold offices under the State Government. We have a case in point with us. We believe that Judge Shepherd is a Lieut. in the Home Guard. According to the Confederate, Judge Shepherd will not, or should not be permitted to take his seat. We know of others who occupy the same position with that gentleman—Gen. McLean, has he resigned, and if so, was it before his election. We trust that we are to have no more election excitements in this county, and hope that the Lieutenant and General may be permitted to take their seats

LINCOLN'S CALL FOR MORE TROOPS.—The late preclamation of Lincoln calling for 500,000 more troops, seems to meet with the "cold shoulder" even among his old friends The N. Y. Post, abolition, in an article upon the subject, says:

But this proclamation, cold, lifeless, rigid, bound around with red taps, clothed in the formal language of the bureau, sounds as though its author thought the people could bear to be chilled and disheartened. Its tone is not that of the chief of a republic calling upon his fellow citizens to support a cause in which all are alike interested, but rather it is the tone of an European sovereign telling his subjects what he requires of them.

Edward N. Fuller, Esq., editor of the Newark (N. J.) Evening Journal, has been arrested by the United States authorities, charged with publishing treasonable articles on the same subject The following is a paragraph from one of the articles:

"It will be seen that Mr. Lincoln has called for another half a million of men. Those who desire to be butchered will please step forward at once. All others will please step forward and defy Old Abe and his minions to drag them from their families. We hope that the people of New Jersey will at once put their feet down and insist that not a man shall be forced out of the State to engage in the abolition butchery, and swear to die at their own doors rather than march one step to fulfill the dictates of that mad revolutionary fanaticism, which has destroyed the best Government the world ever saw, and would now butcher its remaining inhabitants to carry out a mere fanatical sentiment. This has gone far enough, and must be stopped. Let the people rise as one man and demand that this wholesale murder shall cease."

A private letter to the editors of the Lynchburg Republican says that the Baltimore and Ohio railroad has been effectually destroyed. For a distance of fifteen miles the ties have been burnt and the iron cut in two so as to render it totally unfit for any future use.

The Louisville Journal, says that within the month past, the rebels have captured trains and destroyed government property on the line of the Nashville and Chattanooga railroad, to the amount of several millions of dollars.

THE STATE OF THINGS AT THE NORTH.

A private letter received from a lady in Philadelphia, says:

"I do not know if the Yankees are going to stand the present state of things much longer; everything is enormously high. Shockingly coarse long cloth sells for seventy-five cents, and I heard a Market street merchant say that next winter there would not be a yard of cotton goods to be had in the city under two dollars per yard. Spool cotton is now thirteen cents a spool. but going up weekly. I still hold my opinion, that if the pockets of these people suffer the war will cease. Notwithstanding the numberous brilliant victories gained by American citizens of African descent, it takes two greenback dollars to make one gold. The Democratic newspapers are jubilant over the split in the negro party—Abraham and Fremont pitted against each other. It is thought that Fremont's party invited Mr. Vallandigham home and offered to protect him; he defies old Abe to arrest him.—You may be sure the good time is coming, and cotton will again be king. Many magnificent stores have been completed here, and the display in the windows would prove attractive to the most fastidious taste. The streets present the appearance of a carnival or masquerade, so fanciful and extravagant is the dress of the women. Long black silk basques and circulars are worn, most elaborately trimmed as is a so all the skirts of the dresses.—Small straw hats of every description are seen, perched on the top of the head, with tremendous bunches of false curls hanging under the hats, some of which cost thirty-five dollars. A bird's wing dyed of a bright color, stands right up in front, with a natural shell where it is fastened. I forgot to say the dresses are worn in very long trains. Most every face you meet is painted and enameled. Where the false curls are not worn they have what is called a waterfall, that is, a mass of crimped hair encased in an invisible net, danging down from under the hat. The Yankee women have certainly gone crazy on the subject of dress; the most reckless extravagance prevails and so ever cause has entirely disappeared. There is a great sanitary fair going on here, which, I am told, they clear one hundred thousand dollars daily. It has received maginificant donations, and there were all sorts of petty fairs, concerts, recitations, &c., resorted to previou ly to create funds to start the enterprise. Logan square is enclosed and covered and is the scence of the grand display. It is a fine way to amuse the puolic while terrible slaughter is going on in Virginia. The news of the loss of fifteen or twenty thousand men in a few hours seems to create no sensation. This is a trying, anxious time to us here. We hear the most outrageous news from extras, daily, which is all false, so that we pay little heed to it now. Falsehood is no longer a reproach in this land; it is considerable loyal to conceal the truth."

FAILURE CONFESSED.—A confession at last has been made, says the Richmond *Whig*, by the New York *Times*, of the 1st instant, from Washington, that the "passage of the James has exhausted the category of possible flanking movements with Richmond as an objective," and that Grant was, apparently, at a "dead lock" before Petersburg. "A movement to the left, though presenting the high strategical advantage of planting the army on the enemy's lines of railroad communication, seemed to expose too much our own communications to be a ventured. A movement to the right, so long as the enemy's position at Bermuda Hundred was unassailable, would only carry the army once more to the other side of the James."

It is admitted, too, that the cavalry raids under Wilson and Sheridan "had failed of their objects, and did not prove adequate to the desired end." "In this state of facts, there seemingly remained, therefore, only to essay once more on the line of Petersburg, those bloody assaults which, tried a score of times on the intrenchments of Spotsylvania and Chickahominy, served but to show an incomparable valor opposed to obstacles too formidable to be overcome." Nevertheless, General Grant, "with the audacious faith of genius," it appears, relaxed not in his determination nor swerved from his purpose to take Richmond, despite apparently insurmountable barriers across his path hither. This was written when the first news of Grant's mine had set Washington ablaze with promises of success, and all were blatant in anticipation of a document so different from what transpired.

FISH FROM THE CLOUDS.—The Salisbury Watchman says that Mr. Sam. Reeves, Sr., picked up in the road, between his house and town, a few days since, just after a shower of rain, two or three little fishes, and near the post office in that place, another—all unknown in the voters near that town. He thinks they came down with the shower of rain.—What say the wise men in explanation of this?

EXPLOSION.—We learn that the Powder Mill, at the Catawba river, in this county, belonging to the North Carolina Manfacturing Company, blew up on the afternoon of Thursday, 4th inst. Two white men and two negroes were blown up with the works. One of the white men died in a short time, and one of the negroes, it was thought would die. The others will probably recover. We have been unable to learn any further particulars.

Charlotte Bulletin.

BURNING OF CHAMBERSBURG.

The following are the National Intelligencer's comments on the burning of Chambersburg by our troops:

The outburst of indignation with which the burning of Chambersburg, by Gen. McCausland, has been received in the loyal States, serves to show the appreciation in which all such acts of vandalism are justly held, however reserved may have been its expression when the outrage was committed by our troops in the South. When Bluffton in South Carolina, and Darien, in Georgia, and Alexandria, Louisiana, and Washington, North Carolina were burned by our forces, there were not wanting those in the loyal States who deplored these several acts of wantonness or callousness as unworthy of honorable and christian warfare; but partly from the remoteness of the scene of such wrong doing, and partly from a languid sense of indignation in all that concerns the misfortunes of the enemy, there was no vivid or universal feeling on the subject. And we do not doubt that in the Confederate States there will be found multitudes who will unthinkingly applaud the burning of Chambersburg as an act of righteous retaliation, if not as commendable in itself.

We do not need to say to our readers that all such deeds of barbarism, whether committed by one side or the other, fix a stigma of disgrace on our national character; and if any have been unable to realize the atrocity of these excesses so long as they were exclusively committed by our troops, it is to be hoped that their native heinousness will be clearly perceived in the light of the burning homes of Chambersburg, and that for the credit of the national name we shall not be called to chronicle such horrors in the future progress of the war.

The London correspondent of the New York Herald, writing under date of July 2d, is very anxious that something should de done to stop blockade running, by capturing Wilmington. He says:

"I have often spoke of the gigantic fortunes that are being constantly made in running the blockade. An eminent ship builder told me yesterday that he had one fast steamer running the blockade, and that he was building four more for the same purpose. Alexander Collie & Co., are reported to have made a million ster ling in blockade running. Why cannot the government spare twenty thousand men to go to North Carolina and capture Wilmington? In the panic of its fall Charleston will also be taken. These two places are the two principal mouths that feed the rebels. Wilmington alone would be worth more to you than Richmond."

NEW YORK'S QUOTA.—A letter from New York, dated the 29th, ultimo, says:

The steamer that leaves for Newbern to-morrow takes out several agents authorized by Gov. Seymour to recruit in North Carolina. One of these is Mr. William Turner who goes as the agent of Queen county. The city and county of New York meanwhile folds its hands, looks on, and does nothing. Its Board of Supervisors and rich capitalists seem to be possessed of an idea that something will turn up to cause the draft to be deferred till after the 5th of September, and hence all present effort to raise the quota has about ceased. The folly of this policy may be apparent when too late.

RANDOM SHOTS.—While on the other side of the Chattahoochee river, a captain in Wright's brigade, now Carter's who had just come off picket, took out his company to fire off their guns. He ordered his men to direct their fire toward the Yankee line, remarking that it might hurt somebody, which they did. On the following day a prisoner was captured on the same line. His first question was to inquire the meaning of the volley fired at such an hour on the previous day. When it was explained, he stated it had killed his Colonel, and caused great surprise to those who heard the volly and witnessed the result.

DETAILED MEN NOT SUBJECT TO MILITIA DUTY.—It has been decided in Richmond that detailed conscripts are not subject to militia duty. The *Whig* says:

The *habeas corpus* case of N. T. Pate has been decided in his favor. Mr. Pato being a detailed conscript, was called on by the militia authorities to render service in the militia. He did so voluntarily for a time, but for sufficient reasons at length declined to serve further. The matter was brought before Judge Lyons, on a writ of *habeas corpus*, and has been disposed of by an order for the discharge of Mr. Pate.

EXCITEMENT IN SOUTH CAROLINA.—The Columbia *Carolinian* of the 6th says:

Passengers by the Greenville Railroad last evening bring tidings of much excitement and some panic among the residents of the up-country. Walkalla is reported in a ferment, and the neighborhood greatly disturbed at the thought that the Yankees may possibly be on their way thither.

The 72d Pennsylvania regiment, whose term of service has expired, returned home last week. The regiment had in the service over 2,000 men, and returned home with 157.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To Whom it May Concern.

THE PARTIES who obtained from my room on Sunday the 25th of July, a Package containing Five-Hundred and Sixty Dollars in $20 old issue, and three $50 bills of the new issue, will please return it. They hav keept it long enough. I know who they are, and should they fail to return it within the next six days, the name of the party taking it will be published.

JOHN MILLS.

July9-3t*

WANTED,

THE UNDERSIGNED is desirous to purchase a first rate

POWER PRESS,

in good working order.

Apply at once to P. J. SINCLAIR,
158-tf Ed. North Carolinian.

For Sale,

7 PER CENT. BONDS.

Apply at this Office.

New Books! New Books!

THE FOLLOWING popular works have just been received at

17, Market Square,

"EAST LYNNE" or The Earl's Danghter, by the Author of "The Heirs of Ashley," "The Earl's Secret," The Red Court Farm, &c.—This work has just been issued from the Press and has a deserved popularity.

"MACARIA," or "Alters of Sacrifice," a few more numbers of this great Novel have arrived.

"MISTRESS AND MAID," a fresh supply jgst received. Also the Illustrated News containing a portrait of Gen. Hood. The "Mercury" is received weekly. Also the Magnolia Weekly. 157-tf

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS who want Shoe Work done (making and repairing), should call on me at my shop, near the Rifle Factory, on the alley that leads by the house of Wm. B. Wright, Esq., and you can get it done cheaper than at any other shop in town.

All soldiers can het their work done at half price. Wm. BRUINGTON.

157-3t*

FOR SALE.

A SMALL STEAM ENGINE IN excellent running order, with Belts, Pulleys, &c., complete—has been used but little. Also two Turning Lathes, one large and one small, with a full set of heads and fixtures, together with a large lot of Turners Tools, Screw Cutters, Hand and Web Saws, Vices Clamp Screws, &c., &c. ALSO, a lot of Horns and Briar Roots.

Apply to MRS. LEBERLES,
Hay St., next door above Mr. J. Martine's.
July30-6t

MISTRESS AND MAID.

JUST RECIEVED a few more copies of that excellent NOVEL at

No. 17, Market Square.

FOUR PER CENT. BONDS.

WANTED—A few 4 per cent. Bonds.—Apply at the
151-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

MORE OF THAT EXCELLENT SMOKEING Tobacco just received and for sale at 17 Market Square.

Envelopes! Envelopes!

A SUPERIOR article of ENVELOPES, Commercial size, just received and for sale, at the store under the
June 20-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

H. McMILLAN,

Auctioneer and

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

June 10-3m*

Soap! Soap!!

A SUPERIOR article of that old BROWN WINDSOR and Confederate Toilet Soap. For sale at the Store under the
June21-tf CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

COTTON CARDS, No. 10.

THE Fayetteville COTTON CARD Manufacturing Company are now manufacturing Cards superior to any run through the blockade, and at present selling for ale rice the single pair or by the quantity.

Any person ordering six or more airs, will be securely packed and delivered mington free of expense.

Call upon or address

A. A. McKETHAN,
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Fayetteville, N. C., [Apr 19-tf]

NEW MUSIC.

THE SOUTH.

Words by the lamented Captain S. LEROY HAMMOND, of the Eutaw Regiment, Music by Pof. Hewett.

KEEP ME AWAKE MOTHER.

A reply to the ever popular "Rock me to Sleep, Mother." Words by Mrs. Stratton, Music by Joseph Hart Deneck.

Dear Mother, I've Come Home to Die.
Why No One to Love?
Star Spangled Cross and Pure Field of White.
Up with the Flag.
The Southern Cross.
Southern Soldier Boy.
All Quiet Along the Potmac To-Night.
Rock me to Sleep Mother.
My Wife and Child.
Kathleen Mavourneen.
Virginia Marseillaise, (French and English words)
Farewell Enchanting Hope.
No Surrender.
Harp of the South, Awake!
Good-bye, Sweetheart, Good bye.
Mother, Oh! Sing me to Rest.
The March of the Southern Men.
Love Me.
Musical Souvenir, containing three Songs.

In addition to the above, the following new pieces have just been received:

Pray Maiden Pray; Aura Lea;
I Remember the Hour; Standard Bearer;
Mary of Argyle; Morning Prayer.

☞ Particular attention is called to our collection of Music. Call at

No. 17, Market Square.

7-3-tf